# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



**Techspray Duster** 

Section 1. Identif	ication
Product identifier	: Techspray Duster
Product code	: CAN1671-10S, CAN1671-15S
Other means of identification	: Dusting agent Industrial/Professional use 1671-10S (NSN 6830-01-335-9925)
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Manufacturer Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 678-819-1408 Toll free: 1-800-858-4043 Fax: 1 806-372-8750 Distributor EMX Enterprises LTD 250 Granton Drive Richmond Hill, ONT Canada L4B 1H7 905-764-0040
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043 24/7
Section 2. Hazard	d identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	:
Signal word	: Warning
	: Warning : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Signal word	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Signal word Hazard statements	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u>	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u> Prevention	<ul> <li>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

#### : Substance

: Dusting agent Industrial/Professional use 1671-10S (NSN 6830-01-335-9925)

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not available.		
Ingredient name		% (v/v)	CAS number
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane		80 - 100	811-97-2

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures						
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.					
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.					
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.					
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.					

Most important symptoms/eff	ects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: May cause eye irritation.
Inhalation	: At very high concentrations, can displace the normal air and cause suffocation from lack of oxygen.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

# Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	<u>e equipmer</u>	nt	and emergency proc	<u>edures</u>					
For non-emergency personnel	:	Evacuate s entering. In rapid escap containers instructions Avoid brea	sur pe ar s ii ithi	all be taken involving a rounding areas. Keep he case of aerosols be of the pressurized cor e ruptured, treat as a k n the clean-up section. ng vapor or mist. Prov en ventilation is inadeo	o unnecessary a bing ruptured, ca ntents and prope bulk material sp Do not touch c vide adequate v	nd unprote are should ellant. If a illage accol or walk thro entilation.	cted perso be taken o large num rding to th ough spille Wear app	oni duo be e d r oro	nel fror e to the r of materia priate	ə al.
For emergency responders	:	information	n ir	clothing is required to Section 8 on suitable "For non-emergency	and unsuitable					
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 6/28/2022		Date of previous issue	: 6/28/2022		Version	1	4	3/10

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/28/2022	2 Date of previous issue	: 6/28/2022	Version : 4
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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions Methods and materials for co		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling						
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.				
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.				
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.				

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

	<b>Occupational</b>	<u>exposure</u>	<u>limits</u>
1			

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019). TWAEV: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/28/2022 Date of previous issue : 6/28/2022	Version
Flammability	: Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flash point	: [Product does not sustain combustion.]	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: -26.2°C (-15.2°F)	
Melting point/freezing point	: -101°C (-149.8°F)	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
Odor	: Faint odor. Ethereal.	
Color	: Colorless.	
Physical state	: Gas. [Aerosol.]	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Relative vapor density	3.5 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	Not applicable.	
Density	1.222 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]	
Solubility	Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water	er.
Solubility in water	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	>750°C (>1382°F)	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Heat of combustion	0 kJ/g	
Viscosity	Not applicable.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	Spray	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1500 g/m³	4 hours

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	-	-	A4

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: May cause eye irritation.
Inhalation	: At very high concentrations, can displace the normal air and cause suffocation from lack of oxygen.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 6/28/2022

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

•	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	N/A	N/A	N/A	1500	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	1.06	-	low

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

#### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3159	ID8000	UN3159	ID8000
UN proper shipping name	1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane	Consumer commodity	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	Consumer commodity ID8000
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2	9	2.2	9
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information			
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2) SU 10925 DOT SP 10232	
DOT Classification	:	Packaging instruction Non-bulk: 200. Bulk: 200. Special provisions INSIDE CONTAINERS COMPLY WITH DOT-SP10232	
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 200. Cargo Aircraft Only: 200. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 200.	
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
Transport in bulk according		Proper shipping name : Limited quantity 120ml	

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Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
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## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Canadian lists Canadian NPRI CEPA Toxic substances

The following components are listed: volatile organic compoundsThe following components are listed: hydrofluorocarbons

International regulations

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Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
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### Montreal Protocol

Ingredient name	Status
HFC-134a	Annex F, Group I
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.	

9/10

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

History	
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Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
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#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.